



Inclusion Support Strategies for the Curriculum – Science

Cognition and Learning:		
Learning Challenge:	Provision:	
Difficulty understanding the task and expectations.	 Ensure that learning activities are broken down into small steps and are clearly focused. Use visual and concrete materials to aid understanding. Keep language simple and familiar in guided group work. Keep instructions short and concise. Ask children to repeat instructions in order to clarify understanding. Provide alternative methods of recording eg. labelled pictures, diagrams, flow charts. Ensure repetition and reinforcement within a variety of contexts. Allow extra time to complete a task. The use of writing frames to help children organise their written work. Word banks and pictures. Pre-teach/chance to use equipment before if possible. 	
Difficulty accessing the knowledge.	 Pre-teach if possible or simplify knowledge told to the child. Draw on prior knowledge the child does understand. Adapting expectation. 	

Communication and Interaction:		
Learning Challenge:	Provision:	
Struggle to participate in group experiments.	 Keep instructions short and clear. Use symbols and pictures to support understanding. Adult support to work on the group dynamic. Use social stories before the session of how to work well in a group. Small group, consider who is in the group. Assigning roles. Steps (pictorial or written) to follow. 	





Struggling to understand the instructions.	 Clearly label any equipment. Make the instructions step by step. Modelling. Simplify language, explain technical terms.
Struggle to feedback to the class.	 Alternative ways to present information: picture, diagram, video recording, poster/PowerPoint, visual thumbs up or down in Early Years. Being supported by others in the group (scribing).

Social, Emotional, Mental Health:		
Learning Challenge:	Provision:	
Challenging behaviour in lessons, not focussing and finding too many distractions with equipment.	 Break the task into manageable steps. The best way to present any instructions e.g. some pupils prefer diagrams, others a checklist. Using ICT. Use minimum and least concentrated amounts. Use plastic containers instead of glass where appropriate. Best pupil groupings and level of supervision. Chance to use equipment before lesson if possible. Offer movement/sensory breaks. Outlining clear expectations at the start of the session for whole class, including safety measures. 	
Changing routine e.g. moving outside.	 Telling child in advance. Setting expectations. Considering adaptations that may be needed and the group the child will be working with. Adult working with this group if possible. 	





Sensory and Physical:		
Learning Challenge:	Provision:	
Sensory sensitivity.	 Clearly labelled equipment. Allow gloves if needed. Provide the opportunity to play with materials before or after experiment, as appropriate and where possible. Warning child before doing experiment, giving them the choice to participate. Considering ear protection if needed. Adapt if necessary and possible. 	
Physical disabilities	 Allow extra time for any task that involves manipulating objects. Use of specialist seating. Adult support for movement around the class. Consider whether things could be adapted for the child e.g. larger equipment, things pre-cut, possibly different measuring scales. Consider the height things are at, do worksheets need to be larger or on specific colours? 	